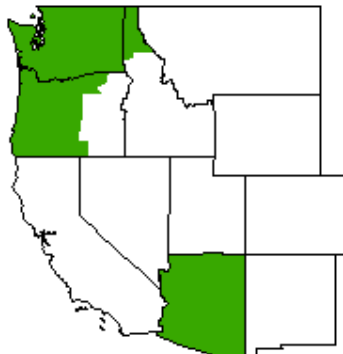


## Pacific Northwest & Arizona Marketing Areas



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**William A. Wise**  
 Market Administrator

**May 2011**

### MARKET SUMMARIES FOR APRIL 2011

Comparisons to a year ago can be found in the tables on pages 6 and 7.

#### Pacific Northwest

Producers delivered a total of 683.9 million pounds of milk to the market during April. Daily deliveries averaged 22.8 million pounds, up 2.3 percent from March. An estimated 631 producers delivered milk to the market during the month. Daily deliveries per producer averaged 36,129 pounds, up 2.1 percent from March.

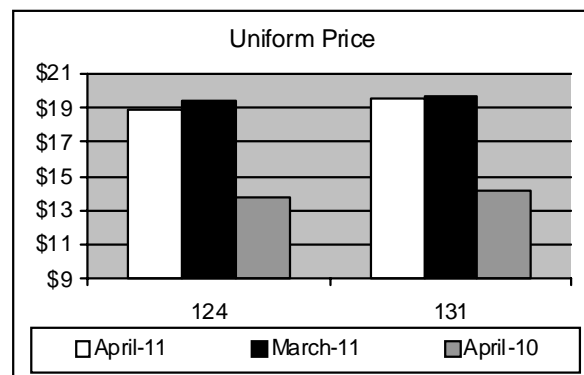
Class I producer milk during April totaled 183.7 million pounds, 26.9 percent of total producer receipts. Daily usage averaged 6.1 million pounds, down 4.2 percent from March.

#### Arizona

Producers delivered a total of 408.1 million pounds of milk to the market during April. Daily deliveries averaged 13.6 million pounds, up 2.1 percent from

March. An estimated 98 producers delivered milk to the market during the month. Daily deliveries per producer averaged 138,825 pounds, up 2.1 percent from March.

Class I producer milk during April totaled 116.3 million pounds, 28.5 percent of total producer receipts. Daily usage averaged 3.9 million pounds, down 1.3 percent from March. ♦



### Federal Order Producer Prices and Component Levels: April 2011

Producer Prices	FO124	FO131	Component Levels (%)	FO124	FO131
Uniform Price 1/*	18.95	19.56	Butterfat	3.787	3.500
Butterfat 2/	2.2113	2.2235	Protein	3.152	N/A
Protein 2/	2.4984	N/A	Other Solids	5.733	N/A
Other Solids 2/	0.2902	N/A	Nonfat Solids	8.884	N/A
PPD 1/*	2.08	N/A			
Skim 1/	N/A	12.20			

N/A = not applicable. \* Subject to applicable location adjustments. 1/ \$ per cwt. 2/ \$ per pound.

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**APRIL 2011 CLASS PRICES**

April 2011 non-advanced Class Prices were calculated using NASS commodity price surveys from April 2, 9, 16 and 23, 2011. Component prices for the month are \$2.4984 per pound of protein, \$2.2113 per pound of butterfat, \$0.2902 per pound of other solids, and \$1.3862 per pound of nonfat solids.

April 2011 Class III and IV prices at 3.5% butterfat are \$16.87 and \$19.78 per hundredweight, respectively. The April Class III price compared to March is down \$2.53. The Class III price is \$3.95 higher than in April 2010.

Class II butterfat was announced at \$2.2183 per pound. Class I skim and butterfat and Class II skim prices for April 2011 were announced on March 18, 2011. The Class II price at 3.5% butterfat is \$19.66 for April 2011.

**FINAL: NASS COMMODITY PRICES**

	<u>March</u>	<u>April</u>	<u>Change</u>
Cheese*	\$1.9722	\$1.6983	-\$0.2739
Butter	\$2.0591	\$1.9975	-\$0.0616
Nonfat Dry Milk	\$1.4945	\$1.5680	\$0.0735
Whey	\$0.4578	\$0.4808	\$0.0230

\* The weighted average of barrels plus 3 cents and blocks.

**Current Commodity Prices** -- The NASS survey of cheddar cheese prices showed a net decrease in price received for 40-pound blocks and a net increase for 500-pound barrels. The survey of 40-pound blocks showed a net decrease of 1.91 cents between the April 16 and the May 14 surveys, to \$1.6262 per pound. The survey of 500-pound barrels (**adjusted to 38% moisture**) showed a net increase of 2.76 cents to \$1.6493 per pound.

The NASS butter price showed an increase of 10.61 cents between the weeks ending April 16 and May 14 from \$1.9730 per pound to \$2.0791 per pound.

The NASS nonfat dry milk showed a net increase of 3.70 cents since mid-April to \$1.6137 per pound. The average price for NASS whey showed a net increase of 0.98 cents since mid-April to \$0.4936 per pound. ♦

**JUNE'S CLASS I PRICE ANNOUNCEMENT**

On May 20, the June 2011 Class I price was announced at \$22.22 for the Pacific Northwest Order and \$22.67 for the Arizona Order. The Class I price was calculated using NASS commodity price surveys from the weeks of May 7 and 14.

The June Class III and IV advance skim prices are \$8.76 and \$12.82 per hundredweight, respectively. The butterfat portion of the Class I mover increased 7.16 cents from \$2.1984 to \$2.2700 per pound.

The June 2011 Class II skim and nonfat solids prices were also announced on May 20. The skim price is \$13.52 per hundredweight, and the nonfat solids price is \$1.5022 pound for all Federal orders.

♦

**ADVANCED: NASS COMMODITY PRICES FOR CLASS I PRICE CALCULATIONS**

	<u>May</u>	<u>June</u>	<u>Change</u>
Cheese*	\$1.6768	\$1.6413	-\$0.0355
Butter	\$1.9869	\$2.0460	\$0.0591
Nonfat Dry Milk	\$1.5698	\$1.6065	\$0.0367
Whey	\$0.4775	\$0.4915	\$0.0140

\* The weighted average of barrels plus 3 cents and blocks.

**USDA SEEKS IMPORTER NOMINEES FOR NATIONAL DAIRY PROMOTION AND RESEARCH BOARD**

The U.S. Department of Agriculture seeks nominations from dairy importers and organizations that represent dairy importers to serve on the National Dairy Promotion and Research Board.

"Through their representation on the Dairy Board, importers will be able to participate in the development of programs to expand demand for dairy products and dairy ingredients in the United States," said Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) Administrator Rayne Pegg.

The Dairy Promotion and Research Order (Dairy Order) states that, initially, importers will be represented on the Dairy Board by two importer members appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture. Thereafter, the importer representation on the Dairy Board will be reviewed at least once every three years, and adjusted to reflect the volume of imports relative to the domestic production of milk.

The length of a member's term will be three years. In order to properly coordinate the terms of importers with those of dairy producer members

and to stagger the two terms, initially, one importer member will serve a term ending Oct. 31, 2013, and one importer member will serve a term ending Oct. 31, 2014.

Importer nominees must be importers of dairy products and will be subject to the assessment to fund the National Dairy Promotion and Research Program. Such nominations may be submitted by individual importers of dairy products or by organizations representing dairy importers, as approved by the Secretary. Individual importers submitting nominations to represent importers on the Dairy Board must establish, to the satisfaction of the Secretary, that the person submitting the nomination is an importer of dairy products. Importer organizations must adequately represent importers of dairy products under the primary determining considerations of whether its membership consist primarily of importers of dairy products and whether a substantial interest of the organization is in the importation of dairy products. An importer means a person that imports dairy products into the United States as a principal or as an agent, broker or consignee of any person who produces or handles dairy products outside of the United States for sale in the United States, and who is listed as the importer of record for such dairy products. Nominations must be submitted by June 10, 2011.

The Dairy Board was established under the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 to develop and administer a coordinated program of promotion, research and nutrition education. The 38-member Dairy Board is authorized to design programs to strengthen the dairy industry's position in domestic and foreign markets. The program is financed by a mandatory 15-cent per hundredweight assessment on all milk marketed commercially and a 7.5-cent per hundredweight assessment on milk, or equivalent thereof, used to produce dairy products imported into the United States.

USDA welcomes membership on industry boards that reflects the diversity of the individuals served by the programs. USDA encourages all eligible women, minorities and persons with disabilities to seek member nomination for the Dairy Board.

For nominating forms and information, contact Whitney A. Rick, Chief, Promotion and Research Branch, Dairy Programs, AMS, USDA, Room 2958-S, Stop 0233, 1400 Independence Ave., SW, Washington, D.C. 20250-0233; telephone (202) 720-6909; fax (202) 720-0285; or e-mail at whitney.rick@ams.usda.gov or www.ams.usda.gov/dairyimportassessment. ♦

## COMMERCIAL DISAPPEARANCE

Commercial disappearance of milk increased 2.7 percent between January-December 2009 and 2010, 0.7 percent more than the 2.0 percent increase in the total supply of milk (See table below). The production of certain dairy products contributed to the increase. Other cheese showed the largest increase in pounds, increasing 251.9 million from the January through December 2009 to the same time period in 2010. Nonfat dry milk showed the greatest percentage increase, jumping 15.0 percent from year ago levels. Butter production rose 3.9 percent, totaling 1,629.0 million pounds for January-December 2010. Commercial disappearance of American cheese totaled 4,625.0 million pounds, representing a 1.7 percent increase. Only fluid milk products showed a decrease in commercial disappearance; fluid milk products had a 1.4 percent decrease in 2010 with 54,673.1 million pounds

Imports were down considerably in 2010, when compared to the same time period in 2009. The January-December imports were 3,098 million pounds; a decrease of 23.6 percent from 2009. ♦

**Commercial Disappearance: Total Milk And Selected Dairy Products:  
January - December 2009 & 2010 1/**

Item	Jan-Dec 2009	% Chg. 2/	Jan-Dec 2010	% Chg. 2/
- Million Pounds -				
<b>MILK</b>				
Milk Production	189,320	(0.1)	193,118	2.0
Marketings	188,308	(0.1)	192,162	2.0
Beginning Commercial Stocks 3/	10,045	(3.0)	11,334	12.8
Imports 3/	4,057	3.2	3,098	(23.6)
Total Supply 4/	202,410	-	206,594	2.1
Ending Commercial Stocks 3/	11,284	12.3	10,927	(3.2)
Net Removals 3/	703	2,829.2	112	(84.1)
Commercial Disappearance 4/	190,423	(1.2)	195,555	2.7
<b>SELECTED PRODUCTS 5/</b>				
Butter	1,567.6	(8.1)	1,629.0	3.9
American Cheese	4,193.4	3.4	4,265.0	1.7
Other Cheese	6,138.9	1.2	6,390.8	4.1
Nonfat Dry Milk	1,346.2	(2.0)	1,548.8	15.0
Fluid Milk Products 6/	55,445.0	1.0	54,673.1	(1.4)

1/ Commercial disappearance includes civilian and military purchases of milk and dairy products for domestic and foreign use, but excludes farm household use and USDA donations of dairy products. Disappearance is a residual figure and therefore can be affected by any inaccuracies in estimating milk production, on-farm use, stocks, and imports.

2/ From year earlier on a daily average basis.

3/ Milk-equivalent, milkfat basis.

4/ Totals may not add because of rounding.

5/ Commercial disappearance in product pounds.

6/ Sales. Estimate based on actual sales in Federal milk order marketing areas and California. These sales figures have not been adjusted for calendar composition.

SOURCE: Economic Research Service, USDA. Fluid milk products - Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

### MILK PRODUCTION, DISPOSITION, AND INCOME, 2010 SUMMARY

On April 27, 2011, USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service published the annual summary of 2010 data for U.S. milk production, disposition, and income.

Milk production increased 1.8 percent in 2010 to 193 billion pounds. The rate per cow, at 21,149 pounds, was 576 pounds above 2009. The annual average number of milk cows on farms was 9.12 million head, down 86,000 head from 2009.

Cash receipts from marketings of milk during 2010 totaled \$31.4 billion, 28.9 percent higher than 2009. Producer returns averaged \$16.35 per hundredweight, 26.5 percent above 2009. Marketings totaled 191.8 billion pounds, 1.9 percent above 2009. Marketings include whole milk sold to plants and dealers and milk sold directly to consumers.

An estimated 991 million pounds of milk were used on farms where produced, 2.0 percent less than 2009. Calves were fed 89 percent of this milk, with the remainder consumed in producer households. ♦

#### CASH RECEIPTS FROM MARKETINGS SELECTED STATES

State	2009	2010	Change
	1,000 Dollars		
Arizona	491,623	657,624	33.77%
California	4,537,171	5,928,150	30.66%
Colorado	358,912	456,740	27.26%
Idaho	1,430,514	1,899,154	32.76%
New Mexico	950,092	1,237,140	30.21%
Oregon	305,099	411,567	34.90%
Texas	1,172,262	1,505,313	28.41%
Utah	214,476	293,058	36.64%
Washington	681,912	947,485	38.95%
<b>Selected Total</b>	<b>10,142,061</b>	<b>13,336,231</b>	<b>31.49%</b>
<b>US</b>	<b>24,338,642</b>	<b>31,361,181</b>	<b>28.85%</b>

Source: *Milk Production, Disposition, and Income, 2010 Summary*, Da 1-2(11), Published April 27, 2011. National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA.

### DAIRY PRODUCTS, 2010 SUMMARY

Butter production in the United States during 2010 totaled 1.56 billion pounds, 0.5 percent below 2009. California accounted for 35.6 percent of the production.

Total cheese production, excluding cottage cheeses, was 10.4 billion pounds, 3.6 percent above 2009 production. Wisconsin was the leading State with 25.0 percent of the production.

American type cheese production was 4.28 billion pounds, 1.7 percent above 2009 and accounted for 41.0 percent of total cheese in 2010. Wisconsin was the leading State in American type cheese production with 19.5 percent of the production.

Italian type cheese varieties, with 4.42 billion pounds of production, were 5.8 percent above 2009 levels and accounted for 42.4 percent of total cheese in 2010. Mozzarella accounted for 78.9 percent of the Italian production followed by Provolone with 8.0 percent and Ricotta with 5.9 percent. California was the leading State in Italian cheese production with 31.1 percent of the production.

Regular ice cream production totaled 912 million gallons, down 0.6 percent. Lowfat ice cream production, at 380 million gallons, was down 4.9 percent from 2009.

Nonfat dry milk for human food totaled 1.56 billion pounds, up 3.4 percent.

At 1.01 billion pounds of production, dry whey for human food consumption was up 1.2 percent. Lactose, for both human and animal food production, totaled 907 million pounds, up 25.6 percent. Whey protein concentrate totaled 428 million pounds, an increase of 3.1 percent.

Special Note: Total production by State will no longer be published on an annual basis for the following tables: Yogurt, Total Lowfat Hard Ice Cream, Hard Sherbet, Water and Juice Ices, Sherbet Mix, Frozen Yogurt Mix, and Other Frozen Dairy Products. Individual states may also be removed from other tables due to disclosure. Production at the Regional and United States levels will continue to be published for those commodities on an annual basis. ♦

Source: *Dairy Products 2010 Summary*, Published April 27, 2011. National Agricultural Statistics Service, USDA.

**MAILBOX MILK PRICES FOR SELECTED REPORTING AREAS  
IN FEDERAL MILK ORDERS AND CALIFORNIA  
2010 ANNUAL AVERAGES, WITH COMPARISONS 1/**

For 2010, mailbox milk prices for selected reporting areas in Federal milk orders averaged \$16.29 per hundredweight, \$3.47 higher than the all-area average reported for 2009. The average component tests of producer milk in 2010 were: 3.66% for butterfat, 3.05% for protein, and 5.74% for other solids. On an individual reporting area basis, mailbox prices increased in all Federal milk orders reporting areas, and ranged from \$19.40 in Florida to \$14.77 in New Mexico.

Reporting Area 2/	Mailbox Milk Price 3/		
	2009	2010	Change 2010 from 2009
	<i>Dollars per hundredweight</i>		
New England States 4/	13.59	17.48	3.89
New York	12.75	16.33	3.58
Eastern Pennsylvania 5/	13.07	17.01	3.94
Appalachian States 6/	13.97	17.98	4.01
Southeast States 7/	14.52	18.38	3.86
Southern Missouri 8/	12.39	16.33	3.94
Florida	15.79	19.40	3.61
Western Pennsylvania 9/	13.00	17.00	4.00
Ohio	13.39	17.18	3.79
Indiana	12.94	16.83	3.89
Michigan	12.63	16.33	3.70
Wisconsin	12.88	15.89	3.01
Minnesota	12.90	15.71	2.81
Iowa	13.03	16.39	3.36
Illinois	12.95	16.49	3.54
Corn Belt States 10/	12.52	16.03	3.51
Western Texas 11/	11.96	15.68	3.72
New Mexico	11.13	14.77	3.64
Northwest States 12/	12.10	15.71	3.61
All Federal Order Areas 13/	12.82	16.29	3.47
California 14/	11.02	14.37	3.35

1/ Net pay price received by dairy farmers for milk. Includes all payments received for milk sold and all costs associated with marketing the milk. Price is a weighted average for the reporting area and is reported at the average butterfat test. Mailbox price does not include any Milk Income Loss Contract (MILC) payments. Mailbox price does include, for the most part, the assessment under the Cooperatives Working Together (CWT) program. 2/ Information is shown for those area for which prices are reported for at least 75% of the milk marketed under Federal milk orders. The price shown is the weighted average of the prices reported for all orders that received milk from that area. 3/ Figures are annual averages -- the weighted average of the monthly figures; except California, which is the simple average. 4/ Includes Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont. 5/ All counties to the east of those listed in 9/. 6/ Includes Kentucky, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Virginia. 7/ Includes Alabama, Arkansas, Georgia, Louisiana, and Mississippi. 8/ The counties Vernon, Cedar, Polk, Dallas, Laclede, Texas, Dent, Crawford, Washington, St. Francois, and Perry, and all those to the south of these. 9/ The counties of Warren, Elk, Clearfield, Indiana, Westmoreland, and Fayette, and all those counties to the west of these. 10/ Includes Kansas, Nebraska, and the Missouri counties to the north of those listed in 8/. 11/ All counties to the west of Fanin, Hunt, Van Zandt, Henderson, Houston, Cherokee, Nacogdoches, and Shelby. 12/ Includes Oregon and Washington. 13/ Weighted average of the information for all selected reporting areas in Federal milk orders. 14/ Calculated by California Department of Food and Agriculture, and published in "California Dairy Information Bulletin."

Source: Dairy Market News, April 18-22, 2011, Volume 78, Report 16. Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

# MONTHLY SELECTED STATISTICS

	PACIFIC NORTHWEST				ARIZONA			
	Apr 2011	Mar 2011	Apr 2010	Mar 2010	Apr 2011	Mar 2011	Apr 2010	Mar 2010
<b>Minimum Class Prices (3.5% B.F.)</b>								
Class I Milk (\$/cwt.)	\$21.33	\$20.13	\$15.12	\$16.24	\$21.78	\$20.58	\$15.57	\$16.69
Class II Milk (\$/cwt.)	19.66	18.83	13.78	14.46	19.66	18.83	13.78	14.46
Class III Milk (\$/cwt.)	16.87	19.40	12.92	12.78	16.87	19.40	12.92	12.78
Class IV Milk (\$/cwt.)	19.78	19.41	13.73	12.92	19.78	19.41	13.73	12.92
<b>Producer Prices</b>								
Producer Price Differential (\$/cwt.)	\$ 2.08	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.87	\$ 1.08	+	+	+	+
Butterfat (\$/pound)	2.2113	2.2859	1.5813	1.5347	+	+	+	+
Protein (\$/pound)	2.4984	3.3024	2.1449	2.1311	+	+	+	+
Other Solids (\$/pound)	0.2902	0.2665	0.1702	0.1823	+	+	+	+
Uniform Skim Price (\$/cwt.)	+	+	+	+	12.20	12.09	8.94	9.27
Uniform Butterfat Price (\$/pound)	+	+	+	+	2.2235	2.2956	1.5756	1.5263
Statistical Uniform Price (\$/cwt.)	\$18.95	\$19.43	\$13.79	\$13.86	\$19.56	\$19.70	\$14.14	\$14.29
<b>Producer Data</b>								
Number of Producers	631 *	630	629	635	98 *	98	95	93
Avg. Daily Production (lbs.)	36,129 *	35,379	34,913	35,887	138,825 *	135,979	131,478	132,067
<b>Producer Milk Ratios</b>								
Class I	26.86%	28.67%	29.02%	27.28%	28.49%	29.45%	32.95%	32.44%
Class II	6.43%	7.62%	6.14%	6.54%	6.31%	6.90%	7.16%	7.69%
Class III	39.59%	39.76%	40.99%	39.50%	27.35%	22.80%	29.88%	25.63%
Class IV	27.12%	23.95%	23.85%	26.68%	37.85%	40.85%	30.01%	34.24%

+ Not Applicable. \* Preliminary.

## MONTHLY SUPPLEMENTAL STATISTICS

	Mar 2011	Feb 2011	Mar 2010	Feb 2010	Mar 2011	Feb 2011	Mar 2010	Feb 2010
	<b>Number of Handlers</b>							
Pool Handlers	26	26	28	28	7	7	7	7
<i>Distributing Plants</i>	14	14	15	15	5	5	5	5
<i>Supply Plants 1/</i>	7	7	8	8	1	1	1	1
<i>Cooperatives</i>	5	5	5	5	1	1	1	1
Producer-Handlers	4	4	6	5	0	0	0	0
Other Plants w/ Class I Use	19	18	23	23	22	21	26	25
<b>Class I Route Disposition In Area</b>								
By Pool Plants	177,124,522	161,459,533	172,345,660	157,695,934	94,449,725	91,135,627	97,848,860	89,090,125
By Producer-Handlers	7,103,255	6,833,980	10,196,289	6,427,816	0	0	0	0
By Other Plants	8,915,397 *	6,133,137	8,056,287	6,701,084	6,690,076 *	6,105,747	6,284,846	5,088,644
Total	193,143,174	174,426,650	190,598,236	170,824,834	101,139,801	97,241,374	104,133,706	94,178,769
<b>Producer-Handler Data</b>								
% Class I Use	64.85%	65.89%	78.65%	82.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
% of Total In-Area Route Dispositions	3.68%	3.92%	5.35%	3.76%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

\* Preliminary. 1/ Includes Cooperative Pool Manufacturing Plants

# MONTHLY STATISTICAL SUMMARY

(Product pounds based upon reports of handlers)

RECEIPTS, UTILIZATION AND CLASSIFICATION OF MILK	PACIFIC NORTHWEST				ARIZONA			
	Apr 2011	Mar 2011	Apr 2010	Mar 2010	Apr 2011	Mar 2011	Apr 2010	Mar 2010
TOTAL PRODUCER MILK	683,916,285	690,953,614	658,803,011	706,443,808	408,144,743	413,105,152	374,713,553	380,750,552
RECEIPTS FROM OTHER SOURCES	11,833,389	12,226,463	14,194,717	13,444,417	1,958,735	1,923,951	4,502,402	2,159,082
OPENING INVENTORY . . . . .	40,055,099	35,066,900	34,880,768	40,181,876	23,615,232	21,028,042	20,293,466	25,879,696
<b>TOTAL TO BE ACCOUNTED FOR</b>	<b>735,804,773</b>	<b>738,246,977</b>	<b>707,878,496</b>	<b>760,070,101</b>	<b>433,718,710</b>	<b>436,057,145</b>	<b>399,509,421</b>	<b>408,789,330</b>
<b>UTILIZATION OF RECEIPTS</b>								
Whole milk . . . . .	31,888,906	33,363,274	31,003,495	31,223,275	23,511,326	23,586,362	24,233,607	24,435,966
Flavored milk & milk drinks . . . . .	12,497,934	13,413,696	13,967,722	13,738,886	6,207,692	5,871,031	6,990,489	6,350,070
2% milk . . . . .	68,785,315	71,368,964	68,430,258	69,681,059	34,090,249	34,388,865	35,460,126	36,418,572
1% milk . . . . .	27,300,382	27,953,403	27,886,632	27,530,553	16,768,550	16,722,366	16,362,760	16,342,768
Skim milk . . . . .	27,415,786	29,520,087	28,343,305	28,706,767	12,979,391	13,422,347	13,265,245	13,832,890
Buttermilk . . . . .	1,332,452	1,505,098	1,422,734	1,465,120	411,206	458,754	402,432	468,594
CLASS I ROUTE DISP. IN AREA. . . . .	169,220,775	177,124,522	171,054,146	172,345,660	93,968,414	94,449,725	96,714,659	97,848,860
Class I dispositions out of area . . . . .	15,093,178	16,085,048	16,553,235	17,387,764	23,469,124	25,356,048	23,731,432	25,365,263
Other Class I usage . . . . .	18,339,430	19,913,849	19,799,645	17,114,639	12,596,628	14,659,578	13,620,352	10,859,930
<b>TOTAL CLASS I USE. . . . .</b>	<b>202,653,383</b>	<b>213,123,419</b>	<b>207,407,026</b>	<b>206,848,063</b>	<b>130,034,166</b>	<b>134,465,351</b>	<b>134,066,443</b>	<b>134,074,053</b>
TOTAL CLASS II USE . . . . .	51,185,719	62,518,609	52,264,644	56,251,597	26,419,762	30,236,656	27,981,226	29,880,316
TOTAL CLASS III USE . . . . .	271,919,630	275,026,224	271,963,519	281,600,294	111,722,701	94,168,722	113,512,877	98,109,589
TOTAL CLASS IV USE . . . . .	210,046,041	187,578,725	176,243,307	215,370,147	165,542,081	177,186,416	123,948,875	146,725,372
<b>TOTAL ACCOUNTED FOR. . . . .</b>	<b>735,804,773</b>	<b>738,246,977</b>	<b>707,878,496</b>	<b>760,070,101</b>	<b>433,718,710</b>	<b>436,057,145</b>	<b>399,509,421</b>	<b>408,789,330</b>
<b>CLASSIFICATION OF RECEIPTS</b>								
Producer milk: Class I . . . . .	183,671,525	198,078,725	191,170,889	192,697,194	116,263,986	121,671,934	123,457,192	123,509,719
Class II . . . . .	43,980,173	52,624,926	40,436,626	46,204,112	25,749,242	28,493,782	26,839,595	29,261,112
Class III . . . . .	270,752,427	274,747,056	270,056,019	279,022,850	111,623,573	94,167,728	111,952,151	97,591,787
Class IV . . . . .	185,512,160	165,502,907	157,139,477	188,519,652	154,507,942	168,771,708	112,464,615	130,387,934
Other receipts: Class I . . . . .	18,981,858	15,044,694	16,236,137	14,150,869	13,770,180	12,793,417	10,609,251	10,564,334
Class II . . . . .	7,205,546	9,893,683	11,828,018	10,047,485	1/	1/	1/	1/
Class III . . . . .	1,167,203	279,168	1,907,500	2,577,444	1/	1/	1/	1/
Class IV . . . . .	24,533,881	22,075,818	19,103,830	26,850,495	11,803,787	10,158,576	14,186,617	17,474,444
Avg. daily producer receipts . . . . .	22,797,210	22,288,826	21,960,100	22,788,510	13,604,825	13,325,973	12,490,452	12,282,276
Change From Previous Year . . . . .	3.81%	-2.19%	17.09%	14.80%	8.92%	8.50%	0.23%	-1.54%
Avg. daily Class I use . . . . .	6,755,113	6,874,949	6,913,568	6,672,518	4,334,472	4,337,592	4,468,881	4,324,969
Change From Previous Year . . . . .	-2.29%	3.03%	1.43%	-0.62%	-3.01%	0.29%	2.22%	0.37%

1/ Restricted - Included with Class IV.

**HIGHLIGHTS THIS ISSUE:**

- Market Summaries for April 2011
- April 2011 Class Prices
- Class I Price for June 2011
- USDA Seeks Importer Nominees for National Dairy Promotion and Research Board
- Commercial Disappearance
- Milk Production, Disposition, and Income, 2010 Summary
- Dairy Products, 2010 Summary
- Mailbox Milk Prices for Selected Reporting Areas in Federal Milk Orders and California
- Economic Research Service State Fact Sheets

**ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE  
STATE FACT SHEETS**

The USDA's Economic Research Service has recently released updated data for its State Fact Sheets. State fact sheets provide information on population, income, education, employment, federal funds, organic agriculture, farm characteristics, farm financial indicators, top commodities, and exports, for each State in the United States. Links to county-level data are included when available.

Dairy is among the top five commodities for Arizona, Oregon, and Washington, and ranks number one in California.

Complete data sets are available online at [www.ers.usda.gov/StateFacts/](http://www.ers.usda.gov/StateFacts/). ♦